



Erasmus+
Enriching lives, opening minds.

Eurhope

EU as a solidarity's house for minors out of home
Erasmus+ project n. 2023-2-IT03-KA220-YOU-000184370



Agenzia Italiana
per la Gioventù



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ACTIVITY 4

Training socio-political knowledge

CUORE
IMPRESA SOCIALE



ca cordoba
acoge RED acoge



MetaCometa
NESSUNO CRESCE DA SOLO





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EUROPEAN UNION

Work Together for a better
world



ERASMUS+PROJECTN.2023-2-IT03-KA220-YOU-00018

4370





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1. The European Countries

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.





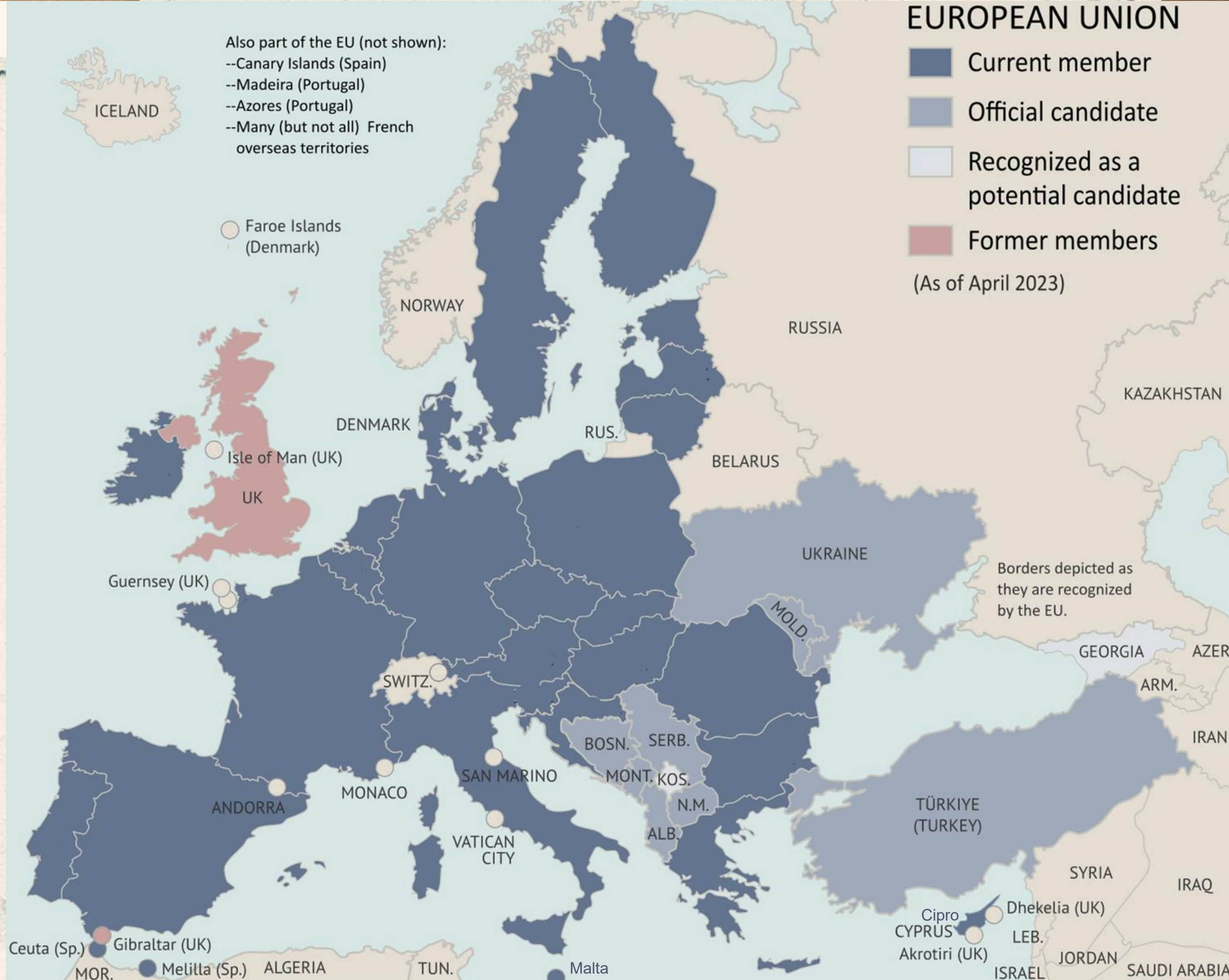
Exercise 1

Which countries are part of the European Union?





Exercise 1



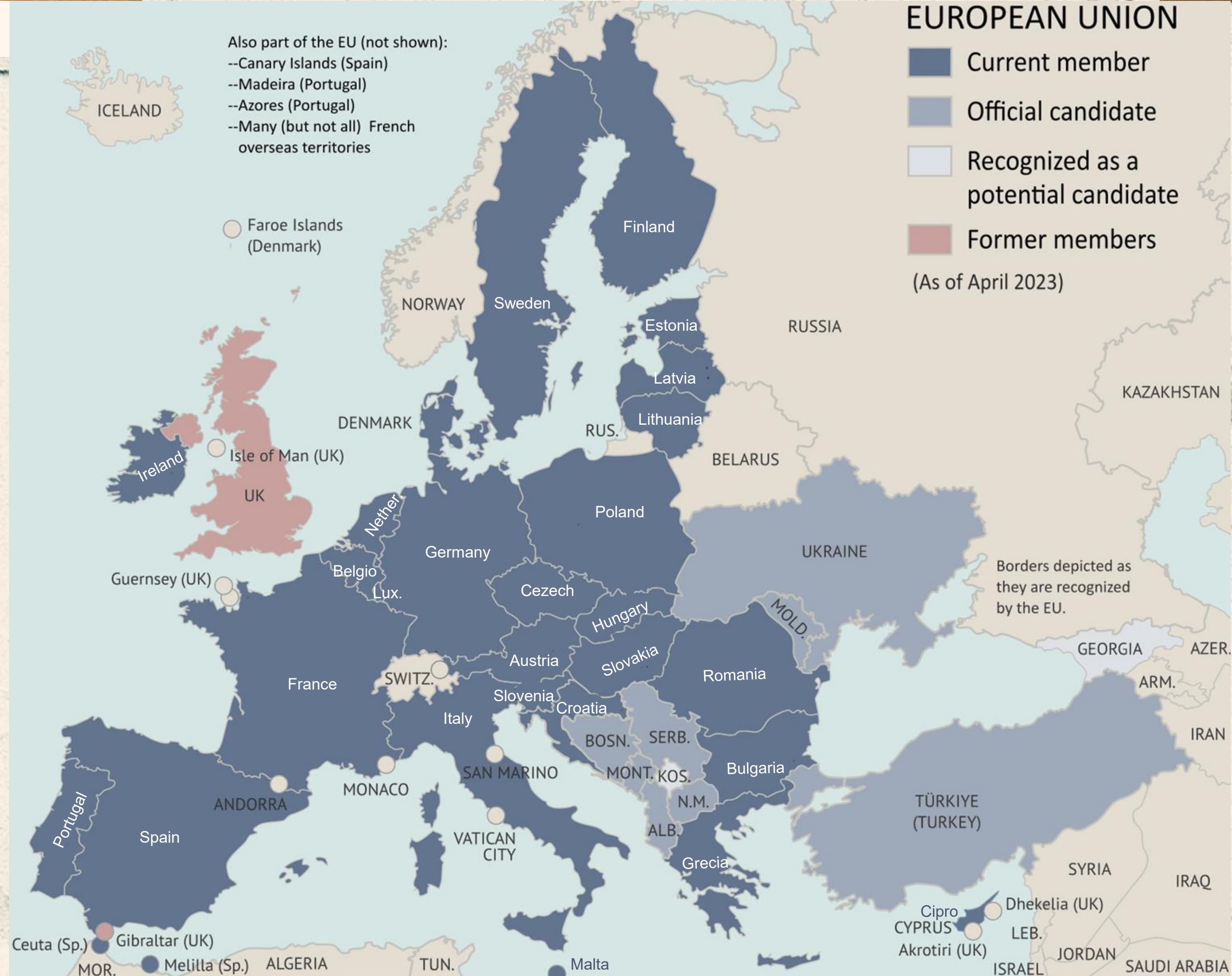
EUROPEAN UNION

- Current member
 - Official candidate
 - Recognized as a potential candidate
 - Former members
- (As of April 2023)





Exercise 1





Exercise 2

Try to draw the borders of
the European countries and
write the names of the
countries

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.





2. The European Political Structure



Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.



The European Political Structure

The key institutions of European Union (EU) include:



- **The European Parliament:** represents EU citizens and is directly elected by them. It works with the Council to create new rules and makes sure the EU's money is used properly.



- **The European Council:** is made up of the leaders of each EU country. They decide the main goals and plans for the EU.



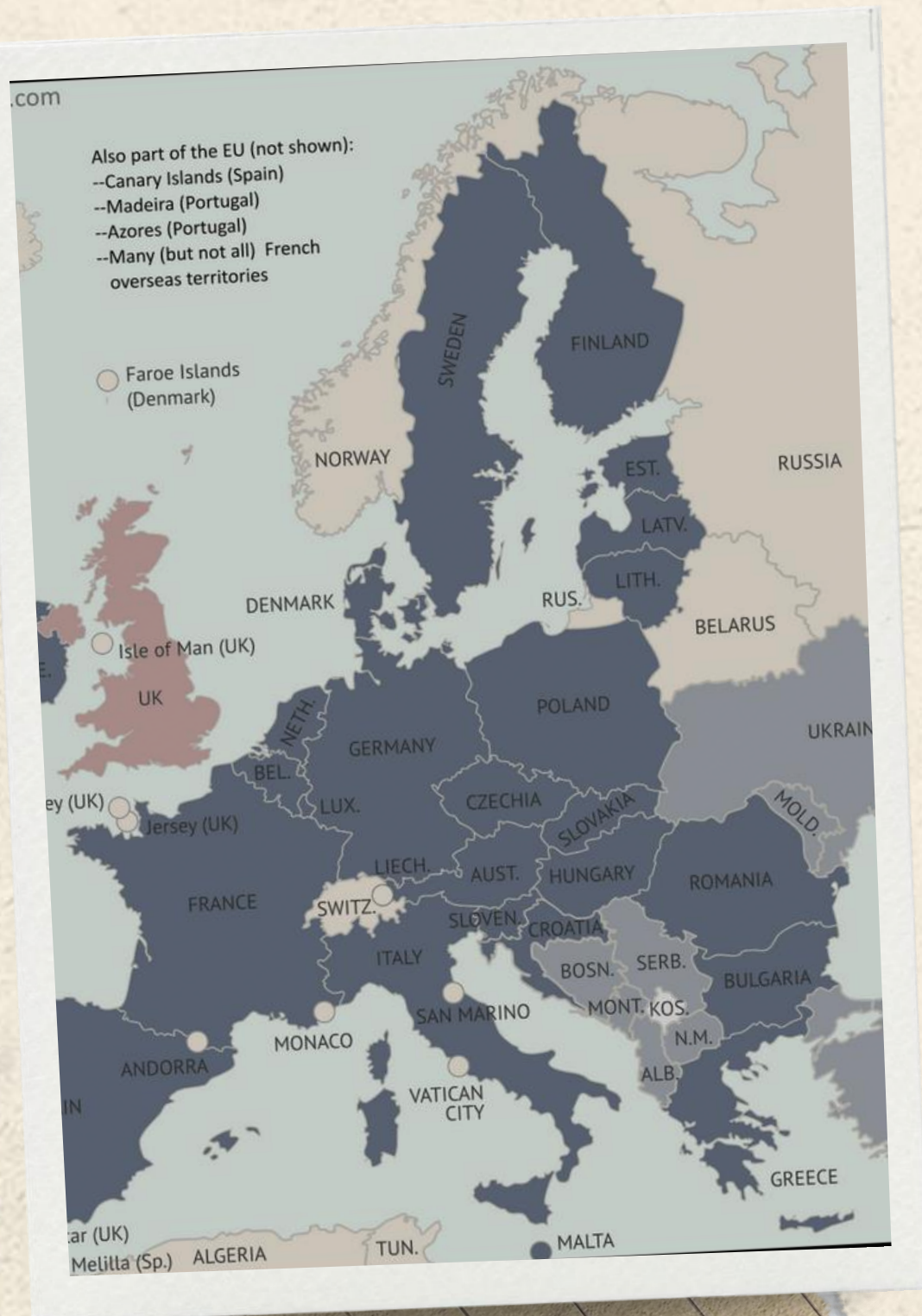
- **The Council of the European Union also called the Council of Ministers,** represents the governments of each EU country. It works with the European Parliament to create EU laws and organize important policies.



- **The European Commission:** is the main group in charge of suggesting new laws, making sure decisions are carried out, and handling the everyday work of the EU.

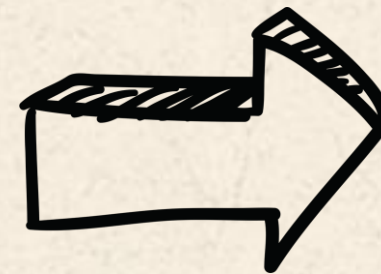


- **The Court of Justice of the European Union (CJEU):** makes sure that EU laws are understood and followed in the same way by all EU countries.



The European Political Structure

EUROPEAN



EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

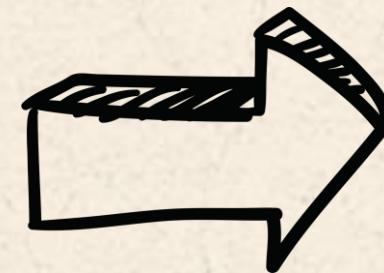


Members of the European Parliament are directly elected by European CITIZENS.

The European Political Structure



**LEADERS OF
EUROPEAN COUNTRIES**



EUROPEAN COUNCIL

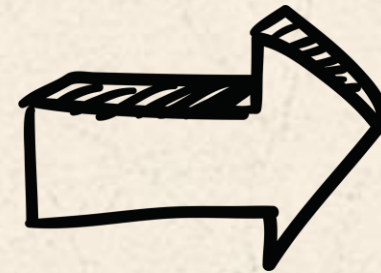


**European Council, made
up of the leaders of each
EU country.**

The European Political Structure

GOVERNMENTS OF EUROPEAN COUNTRIES

COUNCIL OF EUROPEAN UNION



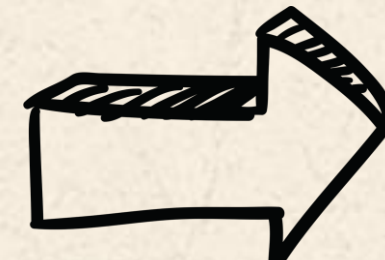
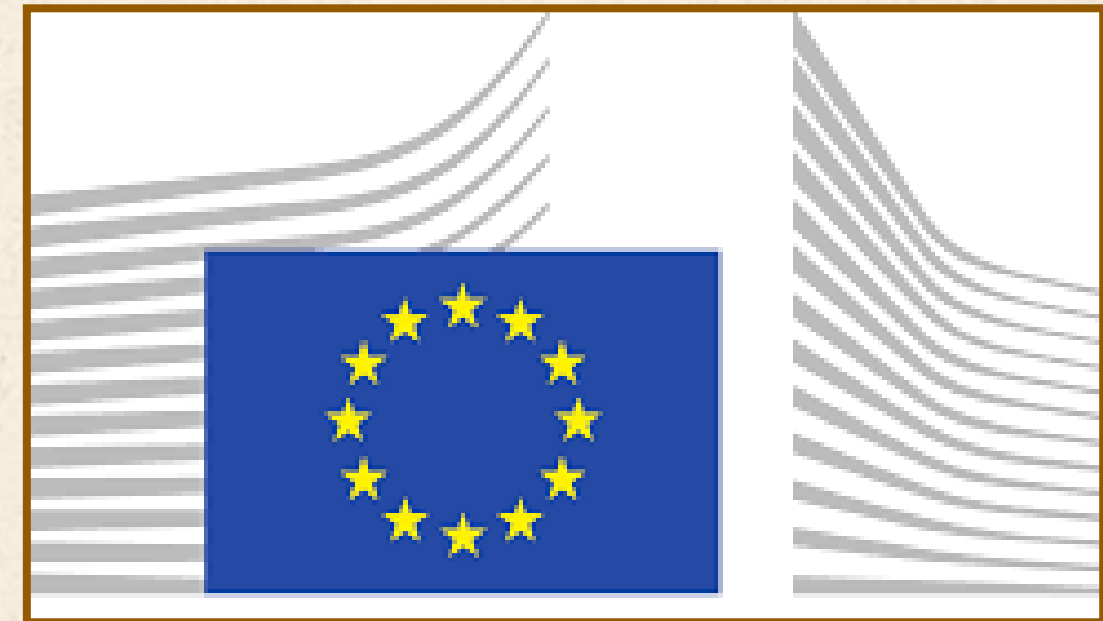
Council of European Union
also called the *Council of Ministers*,
represents the governments of each EU
country

The European Political Structure

EUROPEAN COUNTRIES



EUROPEAN COMMISSION



Each country chooses their Commissioner, to be part of European Commission, and then all of them are approved by the European Parliament.

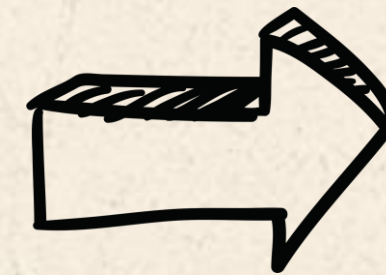
The Commission President, who leads the group, is also chosen and approved by the EU leaders and the Parliament.



The European Political Structure

COURT OF JUSTICE

EU LAW



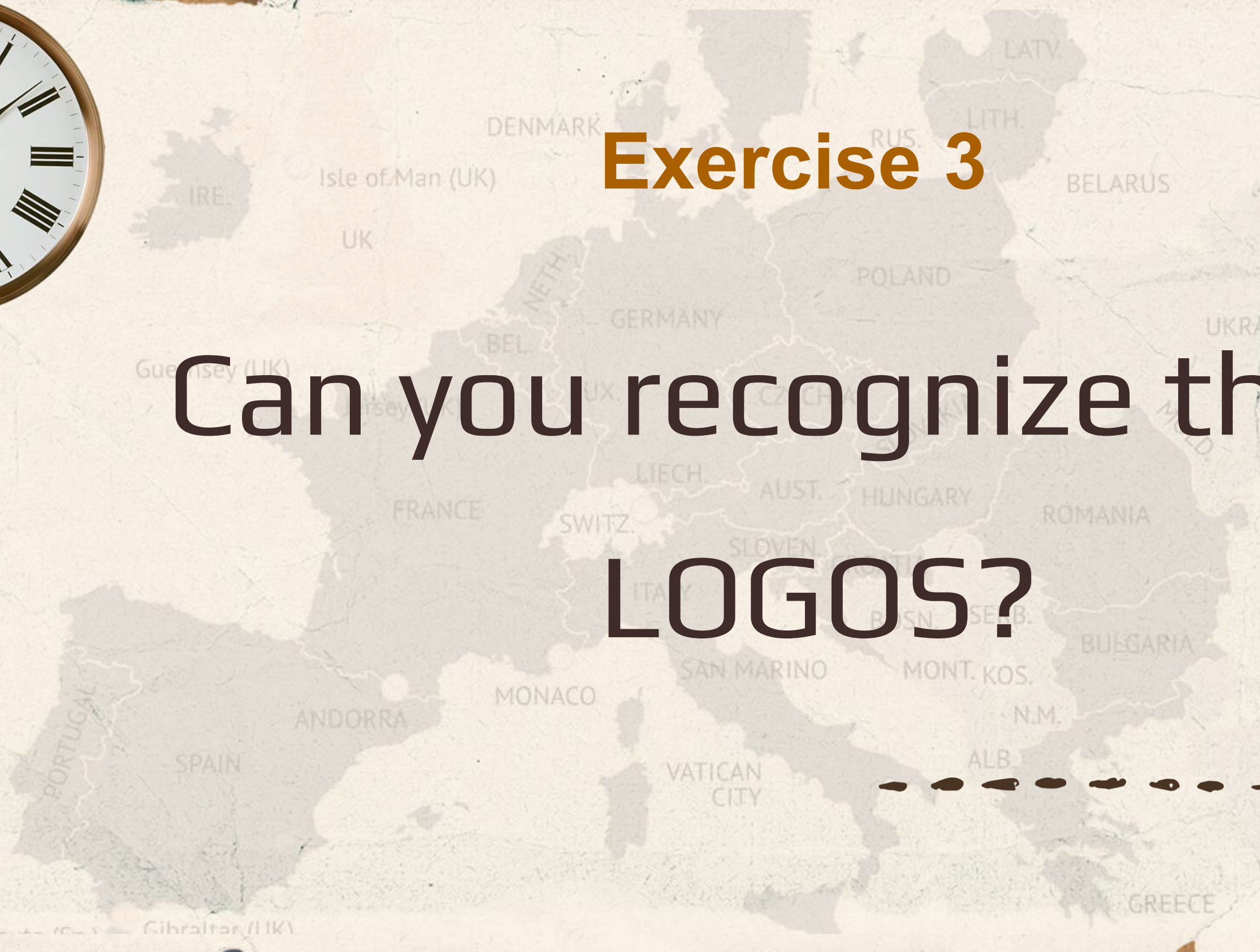
Makes sure that EU laws are understood and followed in the same way by all EU countries.



Exercise 3

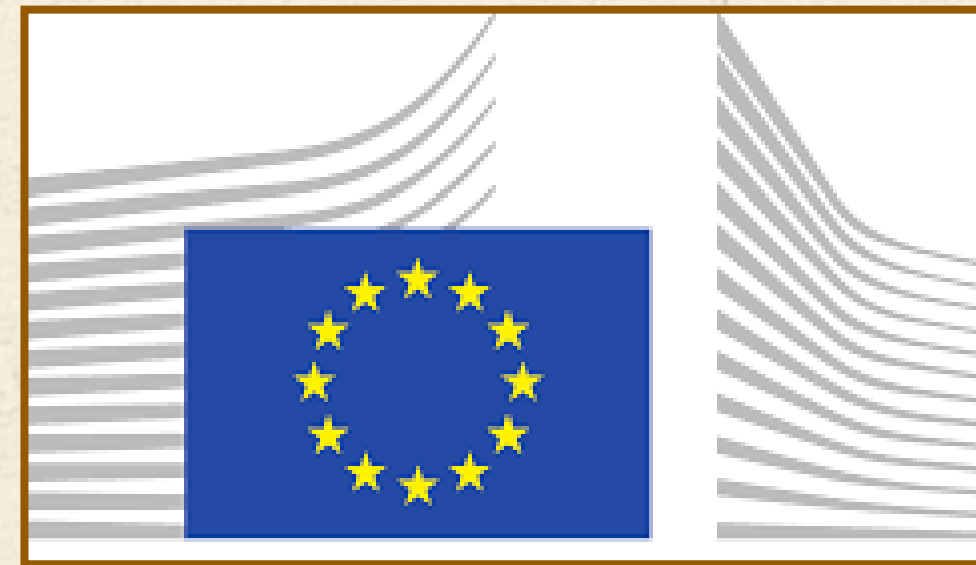
Can you recognize these LOGOS?

Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.



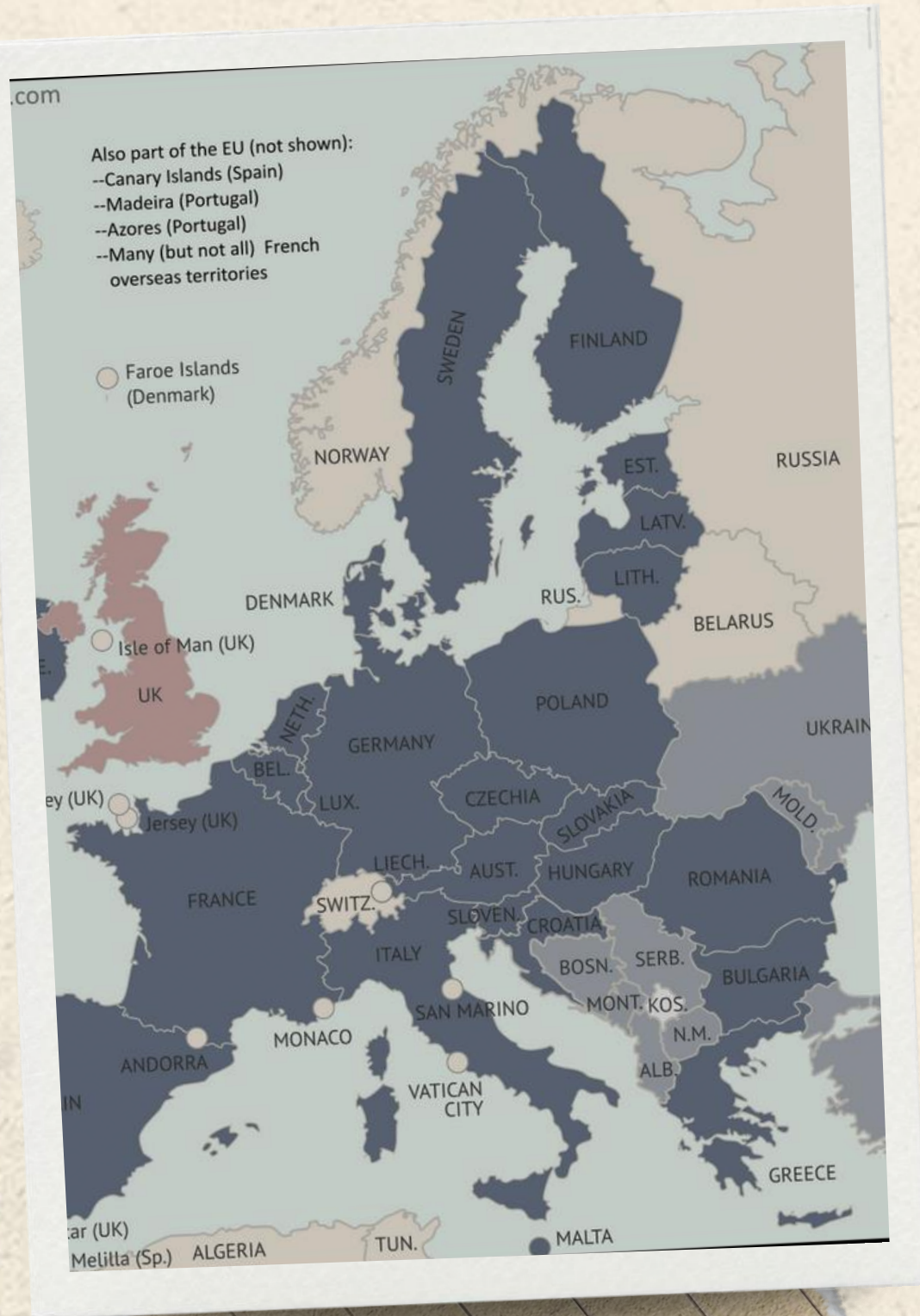
The European Political Structure

Exercise 3



The European Political Structure

Solution Exercise 3



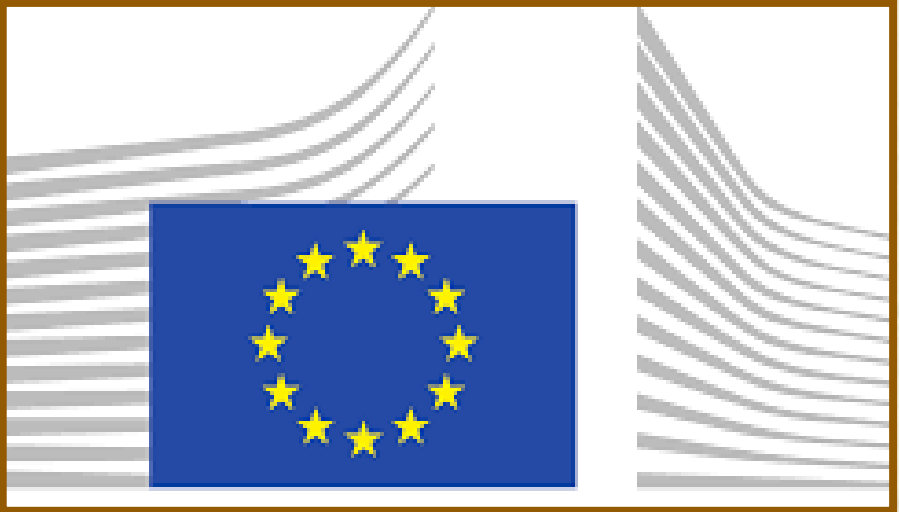
European Parliament



The European Council



The Council of European Union



The European Commission



The Court of Justice of the European Union



3. European Regulations

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.



Displacement of Citizens:

One of the most **fundamental freedoms** within the European Union (EU) is the **freedom of movement**.



Displacement of Citizens:



The EU allows people to move freely between its countries.

This means **EU citizens can live, work, and travel in any EU country.**

A special rule called the **Free Movement Directive** makes sure that EU citizens and their families have the right to stay in any EU country if they follow certain rules.



Exercise 4

Travelling among European Countries

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.



Protection of Privacy:

The EU has strict rules **to protect people's personal information and privacy.**

These rules are part of a law called the **GDPR** (General Data Protection Regulation).

It makes sure that companies and organizations must ask for permission before collecting and using your personal data, like your name, address, or phone number.



European Anti-Corruption Regulations:



*No one can gain an
unfair advantage by
breaking the law.*

The EU also has strong rules
to stop corruption.

**Corruption is when people
in power use their position
to get money or special
favours unfairly.**

The EU makes laws to ensure that
governments and businesses are
honest and fair. These rules
protect citizens from unfair
practices and help keep things
transparent.

European Anti-Corruption Regulations:

*No one can gain an
unfair advantage by
breaking the law.*

The EU also works with member countries to investigate corruption cases.

This helps protect citizens and build trust in governments and institutions.

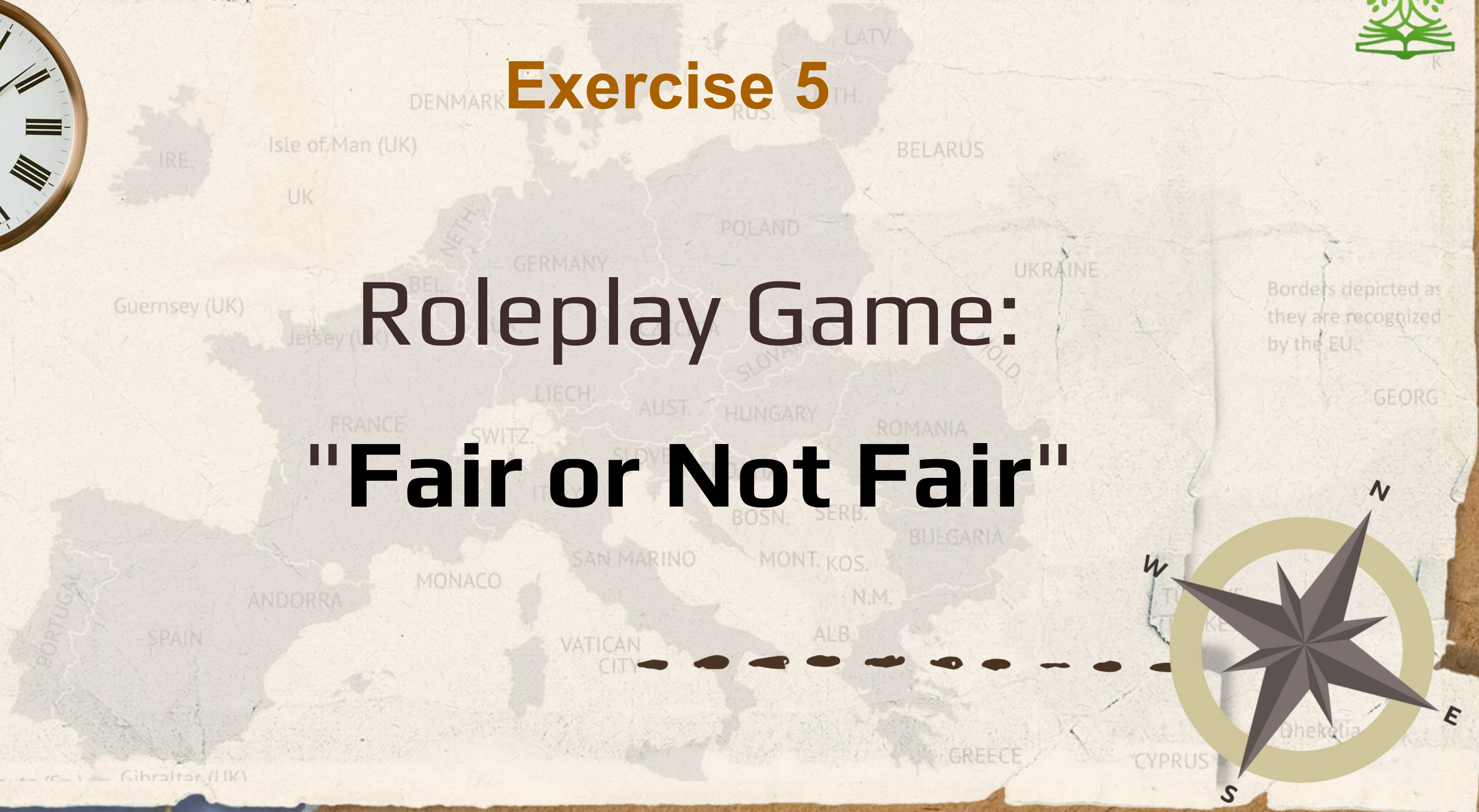




Exercise 5

Roleplay Game: "Fair or Not Fair"

Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.



Protection of minor:



The EU has special rules to protect children and teenagers (minors) from harmful content on the internet, unsafe products, and dangerous working conditions. **These rules make sure that young people are safe online, at school, and in everyday life.**

The goal is to keep children safe and make sure they have the right to grow up in a healthy and protected environment.



Exercise 6

Describe in your own words
the four regulations you saw
in these slides!





Exercise 6

- *Displacement Citizen*
- *Protection Privacy*
- *Anti-Corruption*
- *Protection Minors*

Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.






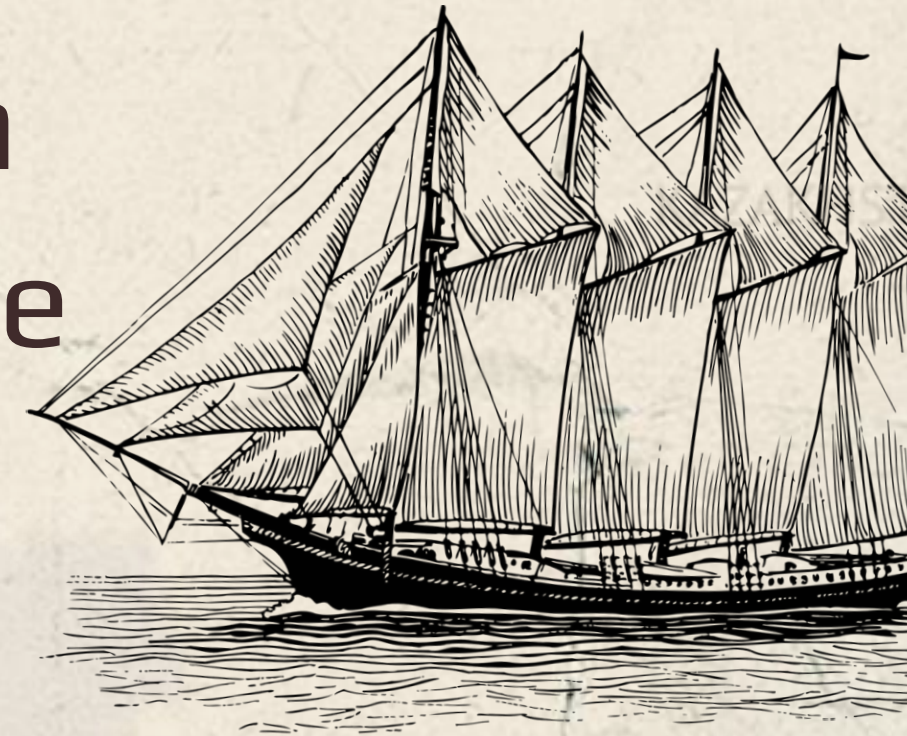
4. Values, Duties, and Rights of the European Citizen

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.





European citizenship is founded on a set of values and principles that shape the rights and duties of every EU citizen.



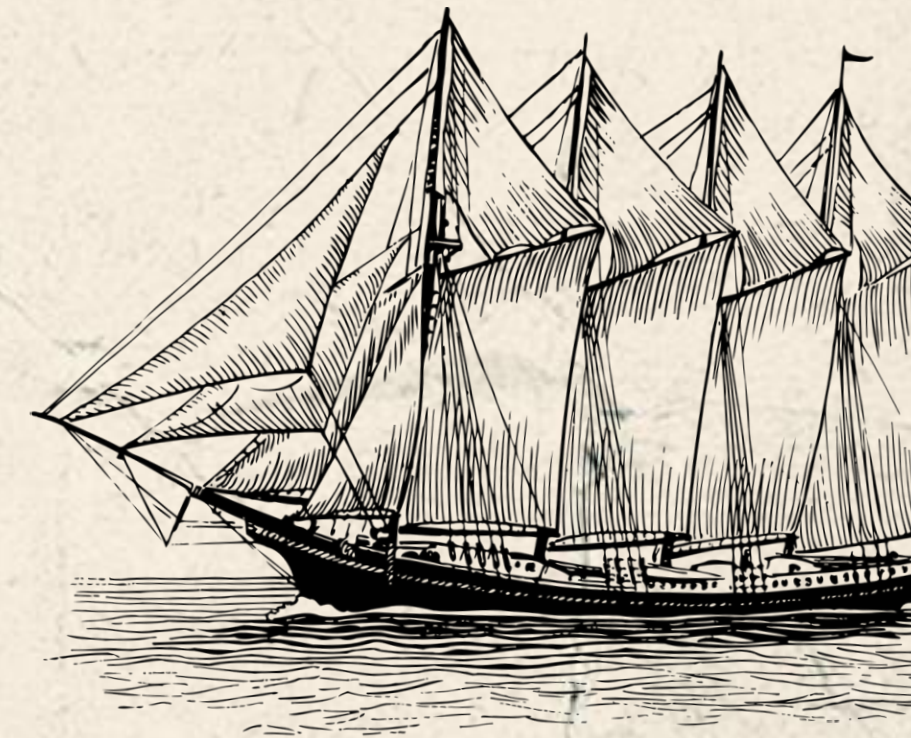
Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.

These rights and responsibilities are codified in the **Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union**, which ensures that citizens enjoy protection, equal treatment, and the freedom to engage in the political and social life of the Union.

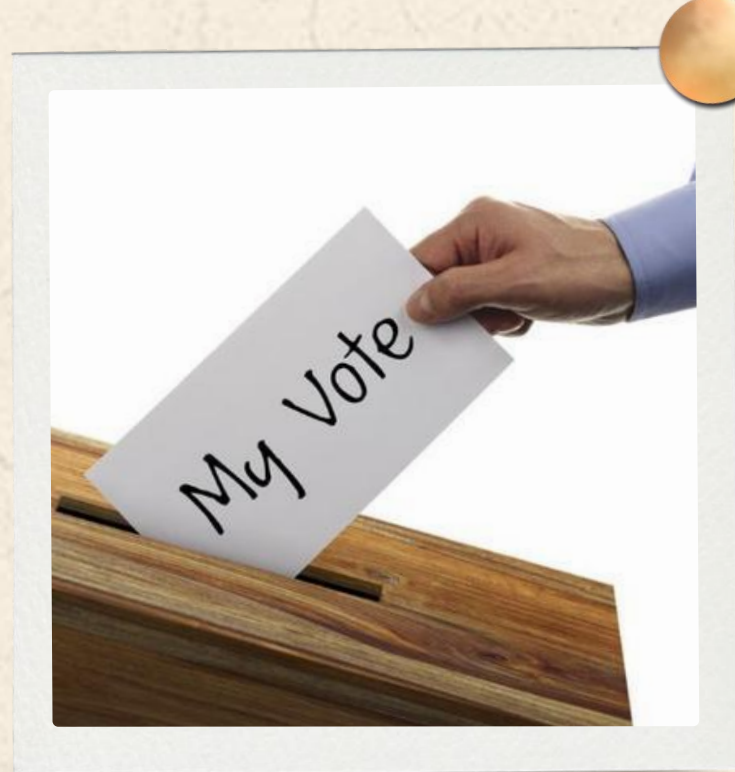
These values promote unity, respect for human dignity, democracy, and solidarity across all member states.



Rights of the European Citizen



The right to move and reside freely within the EU.



The right to participate in the democratic life of the EU

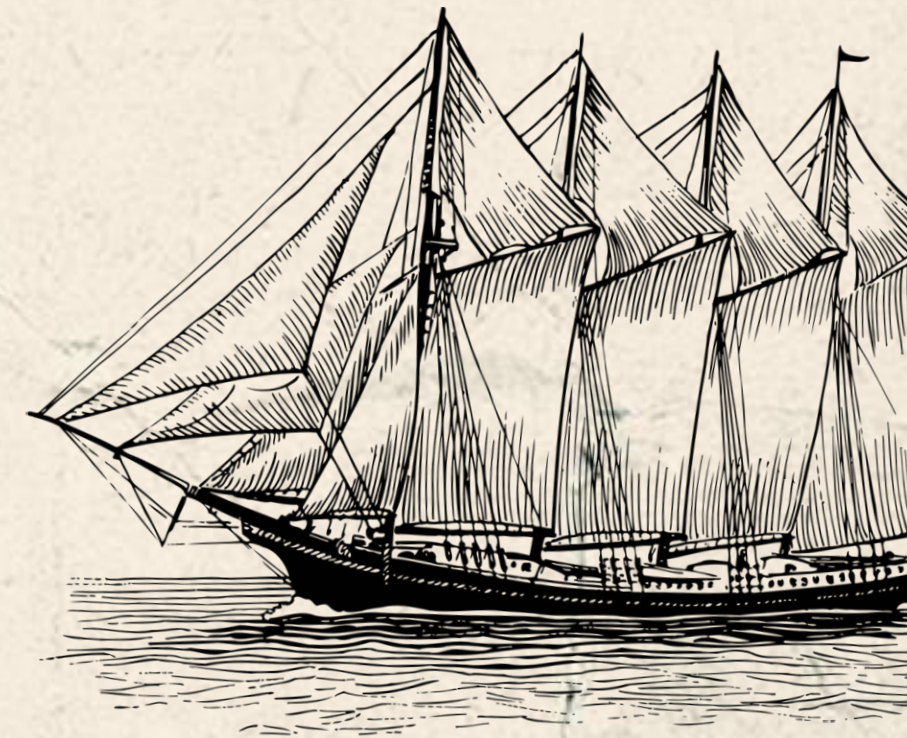


Respect for human dignity



Equality between people.

Duties of the European Citizen



Solidarity and Support
for Fundamental
Values



Engagement in
Democratic Processes



Contribute to Society
and the Economy



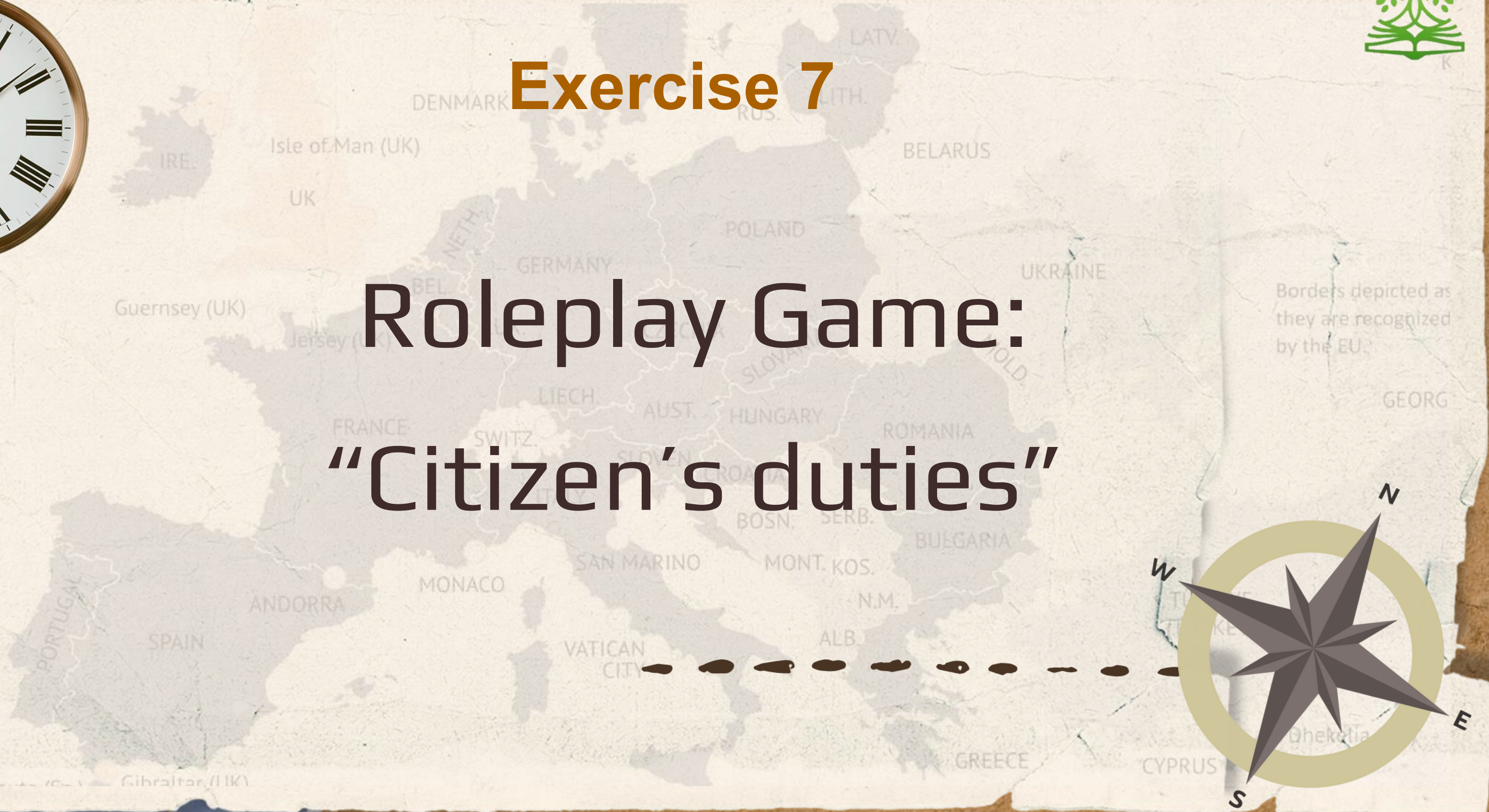
Respect for the Law



Exercise 7

Roleplay Game: "Citizen's duties"

Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.





5. The Profile of the Global Citizen

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.





Global citizen works to make the world a better place by respecting diversity and supporting common values like fairness and sustainability.



Diversity and Cultural Identities

A global citizen understands that **people have different languages, traditions, and ways of life**, and that these differences make the world more interesting and connected.

At the same time, **people from different backgrounds share common values, like respecting each other and working together.**

World Events and History

To be a good global citizen, you need to understand what's **happening in the world today and why it matters**. Climate change, wars, and protests affect everyone.

It's important to **learn from history**, like how events such as World War II or the fall of the Berlin Wall changed Europe and the world.

Values of Europe

Everyone must be treated with respect, have their freedom protected, and have equal rights.

These rules are written in the **Treaty on European Union** and the **Charter of Fundamental Rights**, which all countries agree to follow.

People, Groups and Society

Every person is part of many groups, like their family, school, or a sports team. These groups, along with work organizations and communities, **make up society**. Together, they help shape things like the **economy** (money and jobs) and **culture** (traditions, beliefs) and **ways of life**.



Europe is built on some important shared values that everyone agrees on



Every person deserves to be treated with respect and should have their basic needs and rights protected.

Respect for human dignity

Article II of the Treaty on European Union and

the Charter of Fundamental Rights.

People have the right to make their own choices, like where to live, what to believe, and what to say, as long as they don't harm others.

Freedom

Everyone should be treated equally, no matter their gender, race, or background.

Equality

These are basic rights that everyone should have, like the right to privacy, education, and protection from harm.

Respect for human rights:

In Europe, people can vote and have a say in how their country is run. Leaders are chosen by the people.

Democracy

Laws apply to everyone, and no one is above the law.

Rule of law

Diversity means that people come from different backgrounds, countries, and traditions.



Germany



Sud Africa



ASIA



FRANCE



Italy



SPAIN



Romania

EUROPEAN UNION AND THE MIGRATION ISSUE

Understanding the causes of migration:

A global citizen would seek to understand why people migrate, which can include escaping war, poverty, or environmental disasters.

Advocating for human rights: In line with EU values, a global citizen would support the idea that all people, regardless of where they come from, deserve to be treated with dignity and respect.

Promoting integration and inclusion:

A global citizen would encourage policies and actions that help migrants integrate into society.

Supporting EU policies on migration:

The EU has frameworks for handling migration, such as the Common European Asylum System, which ensures that those fleeing persecution can seek asylum.

A global citizen facing the migration challenge in their country would act in a way that promotes compassion, understanding, and responsibility towards both migrants and the local community.

**GLOBAL CITIZEN
BEHAVIOUR**

Global climate change is caused by things like pollution and deforestation, and it's making the planet warmer.




The EU works to ensure that everyone, regardless of gender, has equal opportunities




Despite progress, there is still a gap between the average earnings of men and women in the EU.

Gender Pay Gap



The Women on Boards Directive requires large companies to have at least 40% women in non-executive director roles by 2026.

Women in Leadership



EU supports policies that help women advance in their careers, including access to childcare services, parental leave, and lifelong learning opportunities

Equality in Education and Employment

The EU is working to stop gender-based violence, which includes things like domestic abuse, sexual harassment, and human trafficking.

Gender-Based Violence

EU works with international organizations like the United Nations to support gender equality in areas affected by poverty or conflict.

Global Advocacy for Gender Equality

EU policies aim to create an inclusive environment where all women, regardless of their background, have equal opportunities.

Intersectionality and Inclusiveness



PEOPLE



CULTURE



HISTORY

A **Global Citizen** understands how **people, history, and cultures** are connected, and they work to make the world a better place by respecting diversity and supporting common values like fairness and sustainability.



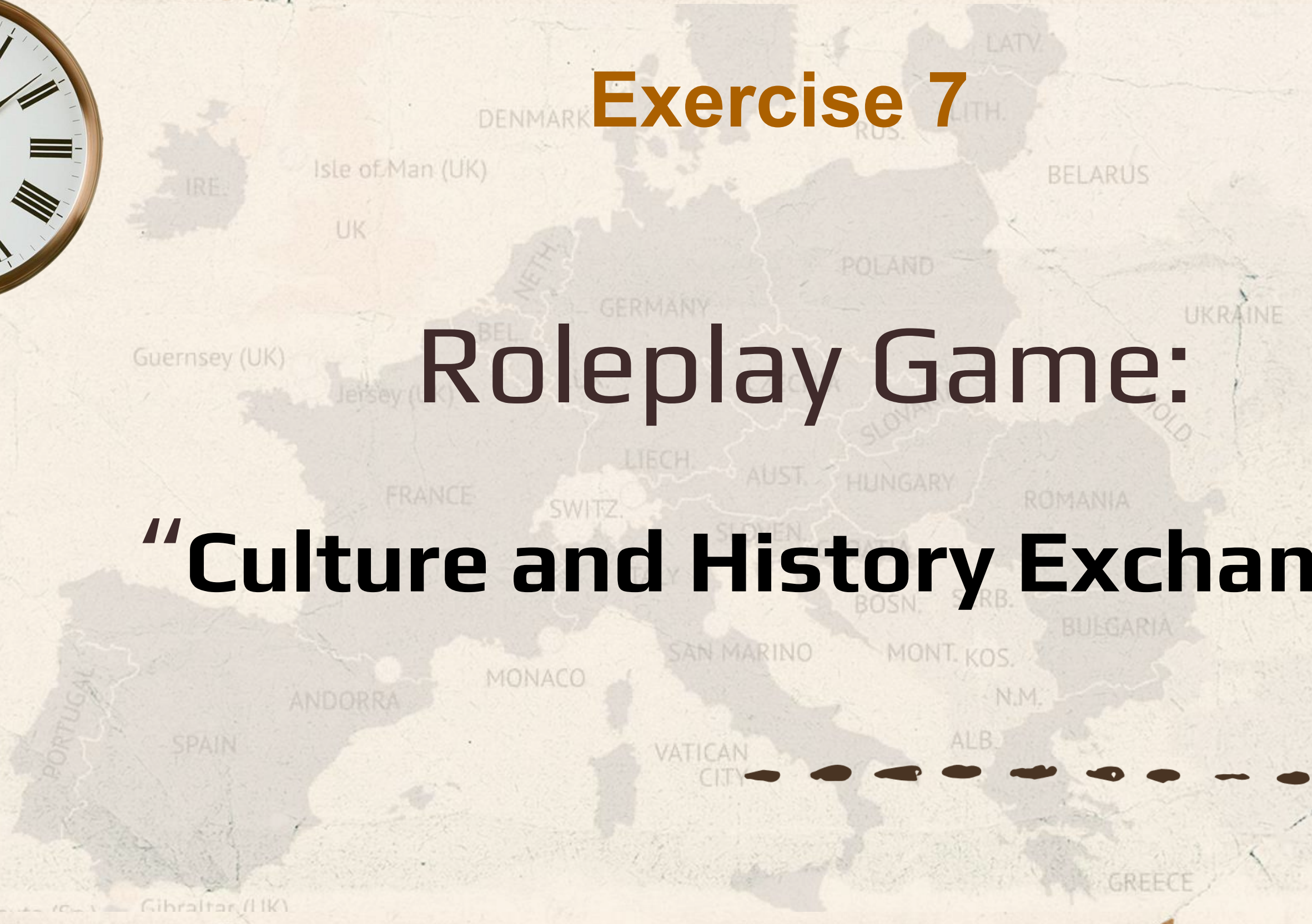


Exercise 7

Roleplay Game:

“Culture and History Exchange”

Borders depicted as they are recognized by the EU.





6. European Projects and Opportunities for Citizens

Borders depicted as
they are recognized
by the EU.





What Are European Projects?

European Projects are programs funded by the European Union (EU) that aim to bring people from different European countries together. They offer opportunities to learn, work, and experience new things. Think of them like cool, big-school projects but on a European level!



Solidarity Projects:

The European Solidarity Corps (ESC) is a flagship initiative

aimed at engaging young people in volunteer work and solidarity projects that benefit communities across Europe. These projects focus on helping communities and people in need.

Citizens might volunteer to help with social issues like environmental protection or supporting those in difficult situations. It's a chance to gain experience.

Erasmus+ Mobility

Erasmus+ is a program that helps students and young people study, work, or train in different EU countries. It's like having a chance to study abroad or do an internship, but with support from the EU.

Citizens might get a chance to spend time studying or working in a different European country, learn a new language, and experience a new culture.

Other Opportunities

Horizon Europe: This program is the EU's key funding initiative for research and innovation. It supports projects that address global challenges and drive technological and scientific advancements.

Creative Europe: This program aims to support and promote the cultural and creative sectors. It fosters artistic collaboration and enhances the cultural diversity of Europe.

Lava Legato Foundation

Serena, 25 years old, is currently in Rotterdam, Netherlands, where she supports the initiatives of the Lava Legato Foundation, which operates in the field of assistance for individuals with disabilities, both children and adults.

Through her project, Serena supports various daily recreational activities promoted by local organizations coordinated by her foundation, including sports, cooking, and gardening.



Serena in the Netherlands

Challenge Misery by Building and Learning Together!

Enrico is 20 years old and is currently in Clermont-Ferrand, France, participating in the ESC project "Challenge Misery by Building and Learning Together!" at Compagnons Bâisseurs Auvergne. The project lasts 9 months, and here, along with other volunteers, he provides assistance to families facing social and economic difficulties to improve their living conditions.



Enrico

La Guajira

Marika, 23 years old, has been in Almería, Spain, for a few months.

There, she manages the social media channels of "La Guajira," a socio-cultural association focused on the values of collaboration and art as a driver



Marika in Spain

Sininauhasaat Association

Emily, 22 years old, has been participating in a long-term ESC project in Helsinki with the Sininauhasaatio association since September 2023.

The main goal of the organization is to support vulnerable people in the metropolitan area: the homeless, those at risk, substance addicts, and immigrants.



Emily in Finland

Moving Ground Association

Azzurra is in Antwerp, Belgium. Here, at the Moving Ground association, she is working on a communication support project, which involves photographing and filming events as well as managing social media.



Azzurra in Belgium

ENERGIA

Andrea Carlotta is in Lleida, Spain, where she is working on the ESC project "Energiea" dedicated to social inclusion in schools, along with another girl. The Energiea project focuses on social inclusion and takes place within schools, where we provide support during lessons and through extracurricular activities.



Andrea Carlotta
in SPAIN

Exercise 8



Where is Europe in this map?

Do you remember the main European Projects?

Which are the European Countries?

Citizen's duties and rights. Can you write them?



Do you recognize the other countries?

Which is the political structure of Europe?



Exercise 8





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Thank You



HELLENIC
AMERICAN
UNION



PROGETTO FAMIGLIA
CENTRO STUDI AFFIDO